

L'Hopital's Rule

If possible, evaluate using L'Hopital's Rule. If L'Hopital's Rule cannot solve the problem, find the limit another way.

$$1. \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{2x-6}{x^2-9}$$

$$2. \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{\sqrt{x+1}-2}{x-3}$$

$$3. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5x^2-3x+1}{3x^2-5}$$

$$4. \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^3-x-2}{x-2}$$

$$5. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{4-x^2}-2}{x}$$

$$6. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x-(1-x)}{x}$$

$$7. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 2x}{\sin 3x}$$

$$8. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin^{-1} x}{x}$$

$$9. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x^2-2x+1}{2x^2+3}$$

$$10. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2+2x+1}{x-1}$$

$$11. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+1}}$$

$$12. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln x}{x}$$

$$13. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(\ln x)^3}{x}$$

$$14. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2}{e^{5x}}$$

$$15. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{2x}-1}{e^x}$$

$$16. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x-1}{e^x-x-1}$$

$$17. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(\cos(\sin x))}{x^2}$$

$$18. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1-\cos 2x}{1-\cos 7x}$$

$$19. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{2+x}-\sin x-e^2}{x}$$

$$20. \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{\sqrt{3x}-3}{\sqrt{2x-4}-\sqrt{2}}$$